

ÄM-^Dnderungen Python 2.x --> 3.x

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Aktivieren von Eigenschaften neuerer Python-Versionen (z.B. Python 3) in Älteren Python-Versionen (z.B. Python2):

```
import __future__                # Alle Eigenschaften
from __future__ import *        # FEHLER!
                                # STD PEP (Standard ab Version N.M)
from __future__ import annotations # 4.0 563 Type annotation
from __future__ import generator_stop # 3.7 479 Generator stop
from __future__ import unicode_literals # 3.0 3112 Unicode literals in Python 3000
from __future__ import print_function # 3.0 3105 Make "print" a function
from __future__ import with_statement # 2.6 343 The "with" statement
from __future__ import absolute_import # 3.0 328 Import: multi-line + absolute/Relative
from __future__ import division # 3.0 238 Changing division operator
from __future__ import generators # 2.3 255 Simple generators
from __future__ import nested_scopes # 2.2 227 Statically nested scopes
from __future__ import all_feature_names # ?? TODO
from __future__ import barry_as_FLUFL # 3.9 TODO Easteregg (<> statt !=)
```

Die __future__-Imports MÄM-^SSEN am Anfang des Quellcodes als 1. Anweisung stehen (da sie die Verhaltensweise des Python-Interpreters verÄndern).

Ein kleines "Easteregg" ist auch versteckt (Blockbildung per geschweifte Klammern {...} wird sicher nie implementiert):

```
from __future__ import braces # --> SyntaxError: not a chance !!!
```

Unterschiede zwischen Python 2.x und Python 3.x:

Python 2.x	Python 3.x	
"ÄÄÄÄ" (Bytestring) u"ÄÄÄÄ" (Unicode erzwingen) unicode (VAR) (Unicode) unicode basestring	b"abc" (Bytestring) "ÄÄÄÄ" (Unicode Std) str (VAR) (Unicode Std) str str	String String Typ Typ Typ
VAR = raw_input (PROMPT) VAR = input (PROMPT)	VAR = input (PROMPT) VAR = eval(input (PROMPT))	Direkt lesen Interpretiert
print ..., ... (Statement) print >> sys.stderr ... print ..., print ... + ... ? "...%d..." % (V1, ...) (Backticks)	print(..., ...) (Funktion) print(..., file=sys.stderr) print(..., end="") print(..., ..., sep="") print(..., flush="False") "...{:d}..." .format (V1, ...) repr(...)	Ausgabe Std: sys.stdout Std: "\n" (newline) Std: " " (separator) Nicht puffern Formatieren Datenrepräsentation
long 2147483648L 0123 sys.maxint 12345L (long-Zahl) 5 / 4 (Ganzzahldivision) --- 5.0 / 4 (Fließkommadiv.) 5 / 4.0 (Fließkommadiv.) 5.0 / 4.0 (Fließkommadiv.) != <>	int 2147483648 0o123 (oktal) 0b123 (binÄr) sys.maxsize 12345 (beliebig lang) 5 // 4 (Ganzzahldivision) 5 / 4 (Fließkommadiv.) 5.0 / 4 (Fließkommadiv.) 5 / 4.0 (Fließkommadiv.) 5.0 / 4.0 (Fließkommadiv.) != <>	Typ Num. Konstante " " Typ Division " " " " Ungleich
int 1 0	bool True False	Typ Boolean Wert "wahr" Wert "falsch"
xrange() os.getcwd() import Tkinter intern() for X in FILE.readlines():	range() os.getcwd() import tkinter sys.intern() for X in FILE:	Umbenennung " " " "
L = list (SEQ); L.sort()	L = sorted (SEQ)	Sortieren
DICTIONARY.has_key (KEY) DICTIONARY.iteritems() .iterkeys() .itervalues() .viewitems() .viewkeys() .viewvalues()	KEY in DICTIONARY DICTIONARY.items() .keys() .values() .items() .keys() .values()	Dictionary " " " " "

Feb 16, 25 3:00

python-2to3.txt

Page 2/3

type(X) == CLASS type(X) is CLASS	isinstance(X, CLASS) isinstance(X, CLASS)	Typvergleich "
except X, T raise Exception, "String" raise Exc, "Str", Traceback StandardError	except X as T raise Exception("String") raise E(S).with_traceback(T) Exception	Ausnahmebehandlung " "
exec CODE (Statement) execfile(FILE)	exec(CODE) (Funktion) with open(FILE) as fh: exec(fh.read()) sys.exc_value/type/traceback	exc=Exception

Konvertierungs-Programm 2to3 --help

Usage: 2to3 [options] file|dir ...

Options:

```

-h, --help            Show this help message and exit
-d, --doctests_only  Fix up doctests only
-f FIX, --fix=FIX    Each FIX specifies a transformation; default: all
-j PROCESSES, --processes=PROCESSES
                    Run 2to3 concurrently
-x NOFIX, --nofix=NOFIX
                    Prevent a transformation from being run
-l, --list-fixes     List available transformations
-p, --print-function Modify the grammar so that print() is a function
-v, --verbose        More verbose logging
--no-diffs           Don't show diffs of the refactoring
-w, --write          Write back modified files
-n, --nobackups     Don't write backups for modified files
-o OUTPUT_DIR, --output-dir=OUTPUT_DIR
                    Put output files in this directory instead of
                    overwriting the input files. Requires -n.
-W, --write-unchanged-files
                    Also write files even if no changes were required
                    (useful with --output-dir); implies -w.
--add-suffix=ADD_SUFFIX
                    Append this string to all output filenames. Requires
                    -n if non-empty. ex: --add-suffix='3' will generate
                    .py3 files.

```

Korrekturen von 2to3 --list-fixes

Available transformations for the -f/--fix option:

```

apply
basestring
buffer
callable
dict
except
exec
execfile
exitfunc
filter
funcattrs
future
getcwdu
has_key
idioms
import
imports
imports2
input
intern
isinstance
itertools
itertools_imports
long
map
metaclass
methodattrs
ne
next
nonzero
numliterals
operator

```

Feb 16, 25 3:00

python-2to3.txt

Page 3/3

```
paren
print
raise
raw_input
reduce
renames
repr
set_literal
standarderror
sys_exc
throw
tuple_params
types
unicode
urllib
ws_comma
xrange
xreadlines
zip
```

Konvertierungstool "2to3" und Dateien

```
-----
/usr/bin/2to3
/usr/bin/2to3-2.7
/usr/bin/2to3-3.2
/usr/share/doc/python2.7/examples/Tools/scripts/2to3
/usr/share/doc/python2.7/html/_sources/library/2to3.txt
/usr/share/doc/python2.7/html/library/2to3.html
/usr/share/doc/python3.2/examples/scripts/2to3
/usr/share/doc/python3.2/html/_sources/library/2to3.txt
/usr/share/doc/python3.2/html/library/2to3.html
/usr/share/man/man1/2to3-2.7.1.gz
/usr/share/man/man1/2to3-3.2.1.gz
/usr/share/man/man1/2to3.1.gz
```